

1771Tribute Rd, Suite A

Sacramento, CA 95815 (916) 344-6259

Please return by,	
thank you [©]	

MONTHLY OBSERVATION NOTES

Child:		_	
Provider (Print):			
Provider Signature		Date:	
	Completed by FCC		
Name three skills or strengtl	Please provide detailed hs this child has worked o		
Name three skills or areas th	nis child is currently work	ing on	
Comments, quotes or addition	onal observations		
·			
Datum to ECE Crasic list.			
Return to ECE Specialist:			





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Providers

INFANT/TODDLER DEVELOPMENT QUESTIONNAIRE

Please return by	
⊕ Thank you	

Child_				© Thank you	
Provider Date		Date			
Provid	er Signature				
parent/ Teache growth		are provider. This information sment and documentation	ion is used to help of the child's deve	the Homes lopment and	
	ase Note: For each of the state child has mastered at this	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
 2. 	Child develops the capacity to painteracting with others or explori Attends or responds briefly to passification frequently from Maintains attention, on own or Maintains attention, with adult Maintains attention on own durant Child develops the capacity to confexternal stimulation. (Atl-Reg 2) Responds to internal or externation behaviors that have Comforts self by seeking a fame Comforts self in different ways Anticipates need for comfort at	people, things, or sounds. In one person or thing to another with adult support, during brid support, during activities that ring activities that last for extermal stimulation in basic ways. It is previously worked to soother shill a dult or a special thing. It is, based on the situation.	er. ef activities. last for extended perionended periods of time. nse to distress from itself.	ods of time.	
3.	other ways. Child mirrors, repeats, and pract ways. (Atl-Reg 3) Responds to facial expressions Imitates approximations of sing Imitates actions, or Repeats far Imitates a few actions, or Repe	or vocalizations or words of or vocalizations in basic ways gle simple actions or sounds williar words or gestures by otheats familiar actions or words e	others in increasingles. When interacting with the ers when interacting experienced at an earl	y complex others. with them. ier time.	

4.	Child explores the environment in increasingly focused ways to learn about people, things,
	materials, and events. (Atl-reg 4)
	Responds to people, things, or sounds.
	Notices new or unexpected characteristics or actions of people or things.
	Explores people or things in the immediate environment.
	Explores new ways to use familiar things, including simple trial and error.
	Explores through simple observations, manipulations, or asking simple questions.
5.	Child increasingly develops strategies for regulating feelings and behavior, becoming less reliant
	on adult guidance over time. (Atl-reg 5)
	Calms when comforted by an adult.
	Seeks a familiar adult when distressed, and responds when physically comforted by a familiar
	adult.
	Calms self when a familiar adult initiates contact, moves close, or offers a special thing.
	Relies on communication or guidance from a familiar adult to regulate emotional or behavioral
	reactions in moderately stressful situations.
	Demonstrates capacity to regulate emotional or behavioral reactions in some moderately stressful
	situations, occasionally needing adult support.
6.	Child shows increasing awareness of self as distinct from and also related to others. (SED 1)
	Responds in basic ways to others.
	Uses senses to explore self and others.
	Recognizes self and familiar people.
	Communicates own name and names of familiar people (e.g., "dada," "mama," "grandma," or sibling's name).
	Expresses simple ideas about self and connection to others.
7.	Child shows developing understanding of people's behaviors, feelings, thoughts, and individual
	characteristics. (SED 2)
	 Responds to faces, voices, or actions of other people. Shows awareness of what to expect rom familiar people by responding to or anticipating their
	actions.
	Adjusts behavior in response to emotional expressions of familiar people, especially in novel or
	uncertain situations.
	Adjusts behavior in response to emotional expressions of people who are less familiar.
	Identifies own or others' feelings.
8.	Child develops close relationships with one or more familiar adults (including family members) and interacts in an increasingly competent and cooperative manner with familiar adults. (SED
	3)
	Responds to faces, voices, or actions of familiar people.
	Shows a preference for familiar adults and tries to interact with them.
	Interacts in simple ways with familiar adults and tries to maintain the interactions.
	 Initiates activities with familiar adults <i>and</i> Seeks out assistance or support from familiar adults. Engages in extended interactions with familiar adults in a variety of situations (e.g., sharing ideas)
	or experiences, solving simple problems).

9.	Child becomes increasingly competent and cooperative in interactions with peers and develops friendships with several peers. (SED 4) Shows awareness of other people, including children. Shows interest in other children. Plays alongside other children, rarely interacting with them. Interacts in simple ways with familiar peers as they play side by side. Participates in brief episodes of cooperative play with one or two peers, especially those with whom child regularly plays.
10.	Child develops the capacity to use objects to represent other objects or ideas and to engage in symbolic play with others. (SED 5) Responds to people or objects in basic ways. Explores people and objects in a variety of ways. Uses or combines objects in functional or meaningful ways. Pretends that an object represents another object or serves a different purpose. Engages in pretend-play sequences.
11.	Child understands increasingly complex communication and language. (LLD 1) Responds to voices, sounds, gestures, or facial expressions in basic ways. Responds to voices, gestures, or facial expressions in a variety of ways (e.g., gaze aversion, vocalizations, movements) Recognizes a few frequently used words or gestures in familiar situations. Shows understanding of a wide variety of words that refer to people, objects, or events. Shows understanding of a wide variety of phrases or sentences. Shows understanding of a wide variety of phrases or sentences.
12.	Child communicates or acts in response to language and responds to increasingly complex language. (LLD2) Responds to voices, sounds, gestures or facial expressions in basic ways. Responds to voices, gestures, or facial expressions in a variety of ways (e.g., eye gaze, gaze aversion, vocalization, movements). Responds to a few frequently used words or gestures in familiar situations. Responds to simple comments that relate to a present situation. Responds to one-step requests or questions involving an action that will happen right away.
13.	Child's communication develops from nonverbal communication to using language with increasingly complex words and sentences. (LLD 3) Makes sounds spontaneously. Uses sounds, gestures, or facial expressions to communicate. Uses a few "first words," word-like sounds, or gestures to communicate. Uses a variety of single words to communicate. Uses two words together to communicate. Uses short phrases or sentences of more than two words to communicate.
14.	Child engages in back-and-forth communication that develops into increasingly extended conversations* (LLD 4) *Conversations can include communication using sign language or alternative communication systems.

15.	 Responds to sounds or movements of others in basic ways. Responds to or seeks contact with familiar adults, using vocalizations, gestures, or facial expressions during interactions. Engages in brief back-and-forth communication with a familiar adult, using word approximations, vocalizations, gestures, or facial expressions. Engages in brief back-and-forth communication with a familiar adult, using simple words or conventional gestures to communicate meaning. Engages in brief back-and-forth communication, combining words to communicate meaning. Engages in brief back-and-forth communication, using short phrases and sentences. Child shows interest in books, songs, rhymes, stories, and other literacy activities in increasingly
13.	complex ways. (LLD 5) Attends or responds to people or things in basic ways. Plays with books; and Responds to other literacy activities. Attends briefly to a familiar adult reading books, singing songs, or saying rhymes. Looks at books on own briefly, or Chooses to join reading, singing, or rhyming activities led by an adult. Looks at books page by page, or Participates, from beginning to end, in listening to stories, singing songs, or playing rhyming games, when supported by an adult.
16.	Child increasingly shows understanding of how objects move in space or fit in different spaces. (COG 1) Moves body parts in basic ways. Attends or responds as objects, people, or own body move through space. Explores how self or objects fit in or fill up different spaces. Explores spatial relationships (e.g., distance, position, direction), or movement of self or objects through space, trying a variety of possibilities. Takes into account spatial relationships (e.g., distance, position, direction) and physical properties (e.g., distance, position, direction) and physical properties (e.g., size, shape) when exploring possibilities of fitting objects together or moving through space.
17.	Child shows an increasing ability to compare, match, and sort objects into groups according to their attributes. (COG 2) Attends to people, objects, or events. Interacts differently with familiar people and objects than with unfamiliar people and objects. Associates a person or object with another person or object, based on a similarity or relationship between them. Selects some objects that are similar from a collection of objects. Sorts objects into two groups based on one attribute, but not always accurately.
18.	Child shows developing understanding of number and quantity. (COG 3) Responds to people or objects in basic ways. Responds to changes in the number of objects observed or interacted with. Demonstrates awareness of quantity. Uses number names, but not always correctly, in situations related to number or quantity. Identifies small quantities without counting, up to three.
19.	Child demonstrates an increasing ability to observe, anticipate, and reason about the relationship between cause and effect. (COG 8) Responds or shows anticipatory excitement to people, objects, or actions. Repeats actions that have effects. Tries out different behaviors to cause effects. Searches for possible causes of actions, events, or behaviors. Acts on objects to cause a specific result.

20.	Child observes, explores, and investigates objects (living and nonliving things) and events in the environment and becomes increasingly sophisticated in pursuing knowledge about them. (Cog 9) Responds to people, things, or sounds		
	Attends to responses of objects and people that result from own actions.		
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	Shows interest in people or things in the environment.		
	Engages in simple purposeful explorations of familiar objects in the environment.		
	Engages in sustained explorations.		
21.	Child develops the capacity to understand objects (living and nonliving things) and events in the natural world, including how they change and their characteristics.		
	(Cog 11)		
	Attends to people, objects, or events.		
	Interacts with objects or people.		
	Shows interest in the characteristics of living or nonliving things in the environment.Explores how objects in the natural world will behave or function.		
	Identifies basic characteristics of living things, earth materials, or events in the		
	environment (e.g., how they look, feel, sound, or behave).		
22	Child moves body and interacts with the environment, demonstrating increasing awareness of		
	own physical effort, body awareness, and directional awareness. (PD-HLTH 1)		
	Responds to sensory information or input (e.g., visual, auditory, tactile) with basic movements of		
	body parts.		
	Responds to sensory information by moving body or limbs to reach for or move toward people or		
	objects.		
	Uses sensory informational to control body while exploring people, objects, or changes in the		
	physical environment.		
	Demonstrates awareness of major body parts by exploring their movement potential.		
	Tries different ways to coordinate movements of large or small body parts.		
23.	Child shows increasing proficiency in fundamental <i>locomotor skills</i> (e.g., rolling, crawling, cruising, walking, running, jumping, galloping). (PD-HLTH 2) Moves in basic and often involuntary ways.		
	Moves two or more body parts together, often with intention.		
	Coordinates movements of body parts to move whole body, such as creeping, crawling, or		
	scooting on bottom.		
	Coordinates movement of whole body while upright, using support.		
	Coordinates basic movements in an upright position without using support.		
	Attempts to coordinate movements, in an upright position, that momentarily move whole body off the ground.		
24.	Child shows increasing proficiency in gross motor manipulative skills (e.g., reaching, kicking,		
	grasping, throwing, and catching). (PD-HLTH 3)		
	Moves in basic and often involuntary ways.		
	Uses arms, legs, or body to move toward or reach for people or objects.		
	Uses arms, legs, or body to engage in simple, repeated actions on objects.		
	Uses arms, legs, or body in various ways to manipulate objects, while in positions such as sitting,		
	moving on all fours, or upright, using support.		
	Manipulates objects, using one or more body parts, with limited stability.		
	Manipulates objects, using one or more body parts, with stability but limited coordination.		

	 Uses two or more movements sequentially to manipulate objects, sometimes pausing briefly between movements. Coordinates arms, legs, or body to manipulate objects, with connected sequential or simultaneous movements. Applies a variety of manipulative skills, in combination with locomotor skills, in different physical activities.
25.	Child demonstrates increasing precision, strength, coordination, and efficiency when using muscles of the hand for play and functional tasks. (PD-HLTH 4) Moves arms or hands in basic ways.
	Uses arms or hands to make contact with objects in the environment.
	Grasps objects with entire hand.
	Grasps objects with fingers and thumb.
	Explores ways to use one hand, or to use both hands doing the same movements, to manipulate
	objects. Manipulates objects with one hand while stabilizing the objects with other hand or with another part of body.
24.	Child shows awareness of safety and increasingly demonstrates knowledge of safety skills when
	participating in daily activities. (PD-HLTH 5)
	Reacts to unpleasant stimulation or events in basic ways.
	Responds to situations that make child feel unsafe. Seeks to make contact with familiar adult.
	Seeks to make contact with familiar addit Follows adults' guidance about basic safety practices.
	Follows basic safety practices, with close adult supervision.
25.	Child increasingly responds to and initiates personal care routines that support hygiene. (PD-HLTH 6)
	Responds in basic ways during personal care routines that involve hygiene.
	Responds in ways that demonstrate awareness of a hygiene routine.
	Anticipates one or two steps of a hygiene routine.
	Participates in own hygiene routines, with an adult.
	Carries out some steps of own hygiene routines, with specific adult guidance or demonstration.
26.	Child responds to feeding and feeds self with increasing proficiency. (PD-HLTH 7)
	Responds in basic ways during feeding.Shows interest in participating in the process of being fed.
	Shows interest in participating in the process of being red Feeds self some finger food items.
	Feeds self some foods when using utensil(s) or an open cup, sometimes needing help.
	Feeds self on own, using utensils or an open cup.
27.	Child develops and refines ability to dress self. (PD-HLTH 8)
	Responds in basic ways during dressing.
	Responds in ways that demonstrate awareness of a dressing routine.
	Anticipates one or two steps of a dressing routine Participates with adult in dressing self.
	Puts on clothing that is simple to manipulate, sometimes with adult assistance.

